

#### **NJSDS Overview**

July 17, 2024

## Agenda

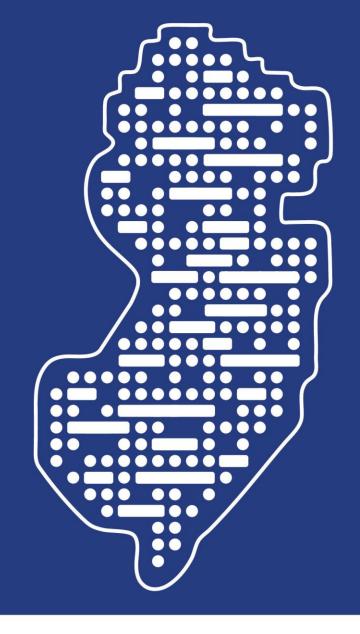


- What is a Statewide Longitudinal Data System
- NJSDS Overview
- Privacy & Security
- Research Agenda & Recent Products
- Multi-State Collaboration





The Power of an SLDS





## What is a Statewide Longitudinal Data System?



- SLDSs connect statewide information from separate agencies which span early childhood, K-12 and postsecondary education, health, human services, criminal justice involvement, and employment.
- SLDSs enable cross-sector data analysis to build evidence that help leaders address important policy questions and better support the public.
- SLDSs can help the public families, educators, local leaders – get information they need to make informed decisions.



#### SLDSs Are ...

Longitudinal: Capture data from the same population over multiple years.

Individual Level: Include data that is specific to individual people. (May contain identifiable information or be anonymous.)

Statewide: Bring together and connect data or records from multiple state agencies.

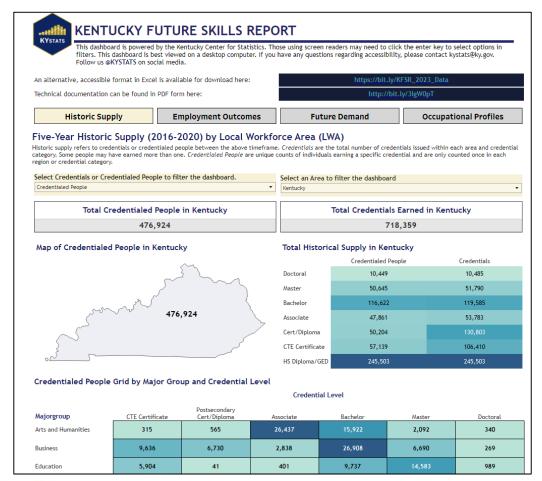
Source: Data Quality Campaign





### The Power of an SLDS





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DOI: 10.1000/jos.20152

ORIGINAL ARTICLE

#### Illuminating inequality in access: Variation in enrollment in undergraduate engineering programs across Virginia's high schools

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#### Funding information

Division of Engineering Education and Centers, Grant/Award Number: 1647928 National Science Foundation, Grant/ Award Number: 101C-1647288

#### Abstract

Background: Determining the root causes of pensistent underrepresentation of different subpopulations in engineering remains a continued challenge. Because place based variation of resource distribution is not random and because school and community contexts influence high school outcomes, considering variation across those contexts should be paramount in broadening participation research.

Purpose/Hypothesis: This study takes a macroscopic systems view of engi neering enrollments to understand variation across one state's public high school rates of engineering matriculation.

Design/Method: This study uses a dataset from the Virginia Longitudinal Data System that includes all students who completed high school from a Virginia public school from 2007 to 2014 (N = 685,429). We explore geographic variation in four year undergraduate engineering enrollment as a function of gender, race/ethnicity, and economically disadvantaged status. Additionally, we investigate the relationship between characteristics of the high school and community contexts and undergraduate engineering enrollment across Virginia's high schools using regression analysis.

Results: Our findings illuminate inequality in enrollment in engineering programs at four year institutions across high schools by gender, race, and socioeconomic status (and the intersections among those demographics). Different high schools have different engineering enrollment rates among students who attend four year postsecondary institutions. We show strong associations between high schools' engineering enrollment rates and four year institution enrollment rates as well as moderate associations for high schools' community socioeconomic status.

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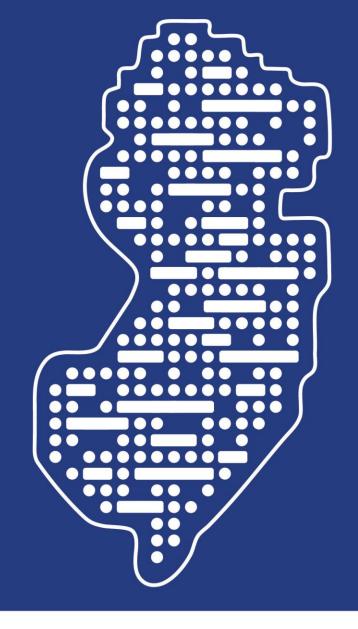
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NJSDS Overview

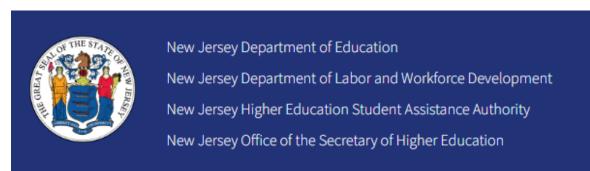




### Introduction



- The New Jersey Statewide Data System (NJSDS) is the State of New Jersey's centralized longitudinal data system for administrative data. Formed in 2012, NJSDS connects people to data to improve policy outcomes by providing access to information in support of research and evaluation.
- Administered by the Heldrich Center at Rutgers University, NJSDS is a partnership of four state agencies:



### RUTGERS

Edward J. Bloustein School of Planning and Public Policy JOHN J. HELDRICH CENTER FOR WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT





#### NJSDS Mission



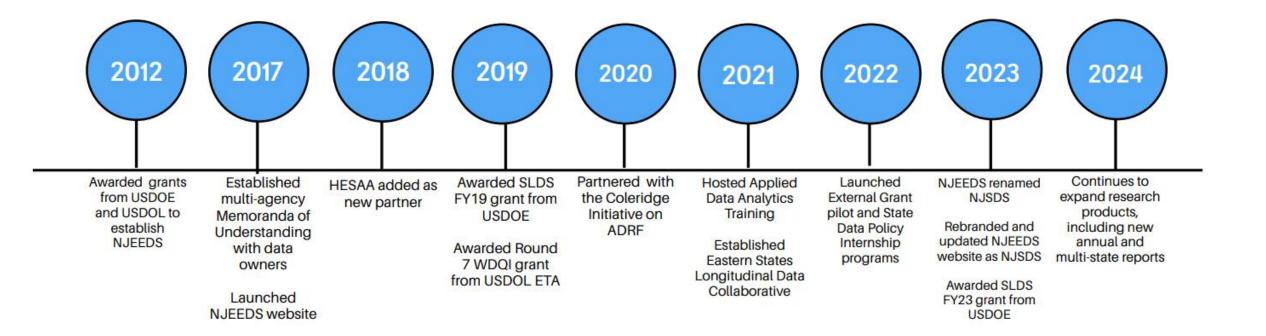
NJSDS aims to help the public and stakeholders make datainformed decisions to improve public policies and practices for New Jersey residents. This includes facilitating longitudinal and linkeddata research, providing statistical data, and publishing reports on the NJSDS website.





## History of NJSDS









### **Governing Bodies**



**Executive Leadership Committee** 

Data Stewards Work Group

**Data Advisory Council** 

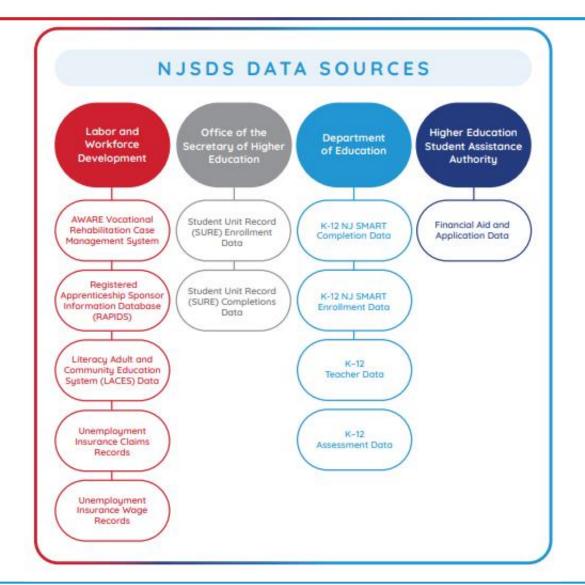
Longitudinal Data Advisory Committee





### **Current Data Sources**









### Current Research Agenda



- Every three years, the NJSDS governing body develops a research agenda which guides the development of internal and external products.
- This year, we updated the research agenda with stakeholder feedback to include new research topics guiding the next three years.



#### **New Jersey Statewide Data System** Research Agenda 2024-2027

Consistent with its mission to develop and maintain a statewide longitudinal data system linking administrative records for state agency partners to inform policymaking and decision-making in New Jersey, the following vision guides the research agenda:

NJSDS aims to help the public and stakeholders make data-informed decisions to improve public policies and practices for New Jersey residents. This includes facilitating longitudinal and linkeddata research, providing statistical data, and publishing reports on the NJSDS website.

The research agenda for 2024 through 2027 was guided by stakeholder feedback and a review of policy priorities in the state. It is presented first through overarching priorities, then through high-level research areas of interest.

#### Cross-Sector Data and Accuracy

There are several priority areas stakeholders identified related to improving the scope of the data in NJSDS and the quality of administrative data across the state and within the system. Efforts aligned with this priority area include:

- More comprehensive data collection on social determinants of health and sexual orientation/gender identity variables
- More nuanced and shared definitions of variables such as disability type
- Stakeholders across sectors noted the importance of expanding the scope of NJSDS data to include additional linkages to better understand holistic individual experiences throughout their service and program pathways:
  - To health records
  - Homelessness and other content-specific survey data Licensure data

  - o Industry certification data
  - Justice data
  - o Treasury/self-employment records
  - Human services data

Regarding source data provided by state agencies, a related priority area is improving data quality to ensure administrative data is useable. This may include exploring how to enhance the State's ability to manage ID resolution internally within each agency, as well as across sectors. In addition, expanded data

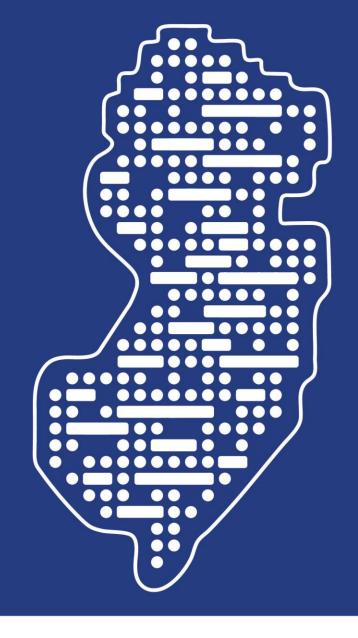
Final v1 July 2, 2024





Privacy, Security, & Confidentiality

Five Safes





## Privacy and Confidentiality: Managing Risk



Safe Projects: consistent with agency mission and utility

Safe People: approved and trained researchers; tiers of legal controls

Safe Settings: secure environments

Safe Data: deidentified data

+

Safe Outputs: disclosure reviews and export controls



SAFE USE



# Safe Outputs: Confidentiality & Safe Reporting

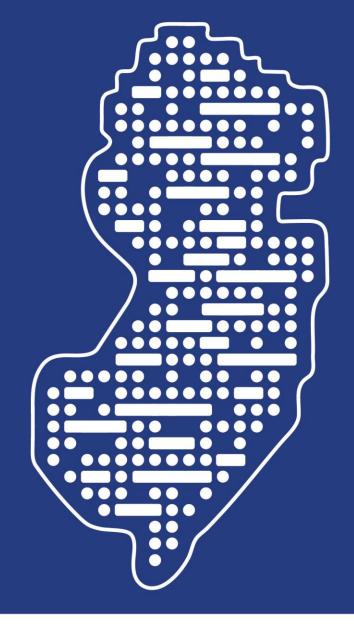


- NJSDS <u>Acceptable Use Guidelines</u>
  - Requires minimum cell counts before data are exported from the data system
  - Protects individuals (minimum cells sizes of 10) and Firms (minimum cell size of 3 within a limited geographic area for an industry)
  - Redisclosure measures are also examined (even if you meet the cell size standards, if you can infer the size of a group using arithmetic, more suppression is required)





Recent NJSDS Projects





### Project Spotlight: Higher Education Outcomes



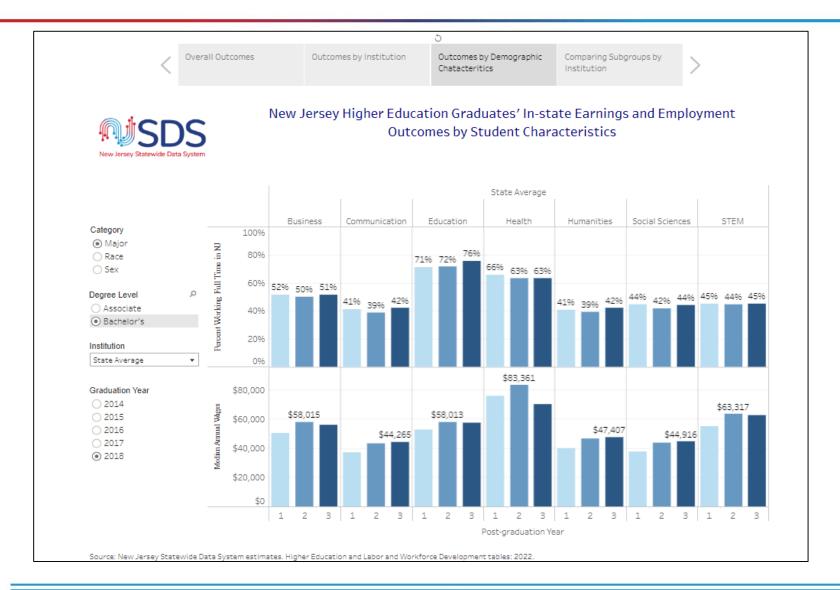
- Analyzes labor market outcomes such as employment and wages of various graduating cohorts in New Jersey:
  - Compares the changes in these outcomes between different groups within an institutions across time including
    - Program majors
    - Demographics
- Shows value added of a college degree within each institutions in the state
- Shows granular level information taking into consideration disclosure issues
- Helps prospective students in their decision-making process





## Project Spotlight: Higher Education Outcomes









## Project Spotlight: Remedial Coursework





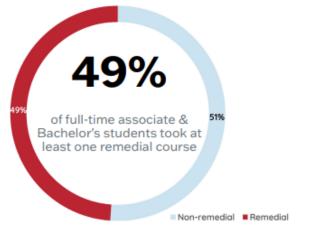
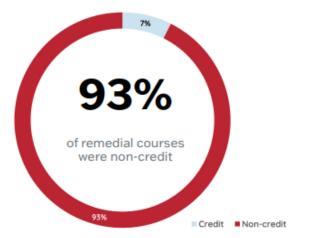


Figure 2: Remedial Course Instances, Distribution of Fall 2013 Cohort, Non-credit vs. Credit-bearing Remedial Courses (N - 25,731)



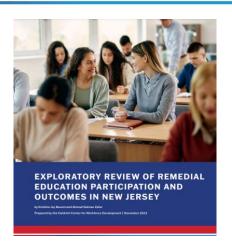
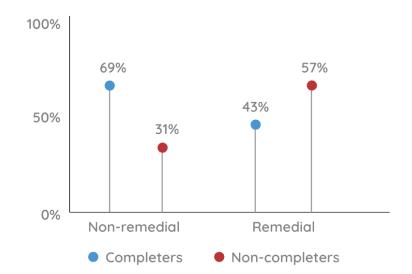


Figure 4: Overall Completion Rates of Fall 2013 Cohort, Non-remedial versus Remedial







# Project Spotlight: Remedial Coursework



Figure 5: Quarterly Earned Median Wages Comparison Post-degree Completion of Fall 2013 Cohort, Non-remedial versus Remedial

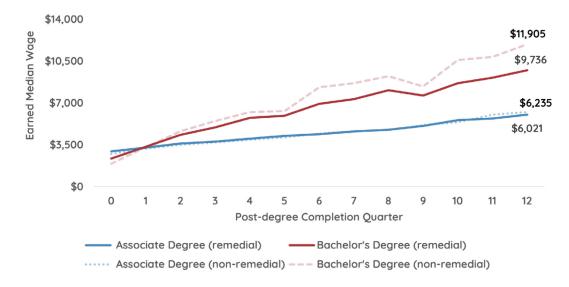
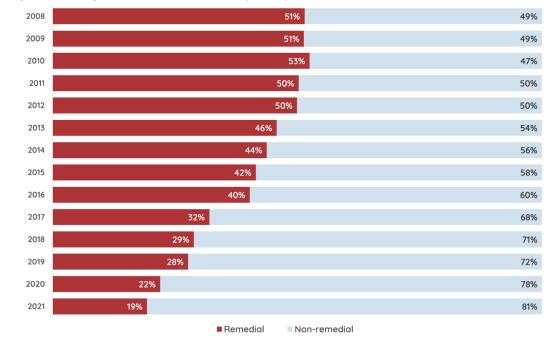


Figure 7: Percentage Distribution of Remedial Participation by Remedial Status from 2008 to 2021







### **Tuition Aid Grant Graduation Outcomes**



Degree Program		Co	llege Name			Population	Year	of Enrollment	
(All)	•	(A	ll)		•	(All)	▼ (All)		•
College Name	Degree Program	Year of Enrollment	Population	Total Enrolled	Number Graduating in 100% Time	Percent Graduating in 100% Time	Number Graduating in 150% Time	Percent Graduating in 150% Time	Percent Ever Graduating
tlantic Cape Community	Associate	2012	General population	1,205	91	7.60%	197	16.30%	27.60%
College			TAG recipients	512	20	3.90%	79	15.40%	34.00%
		2013	General population	1,081	51	4.70%	165	15.30%	25.00%
			TAG recipients	572	11	1.90%	84	14.70%	30.60%
		2014	General population	970	52	5.40%	141	14.50%	21.40%
			TAG recipients	475	22	4.60%	76	16.00%	31.80%
		2015	General population	812	48	5.90%	130	16.00%	23.80%
			TAG recipients	400	15	3.80%	75	18.80%	33.50%
		2016	General population	753	51	6.80%	123	16.30%	20.30%
			TAG recipients	406	15	3.70%	67	16.50%	27.10%
		2017	General population	671	44	6.60%	109	16.20%	18.80%
			TAG recipients	463	27	5.80%	92	19.90%	23.80%
		2018	General population	737	41	5.60%	90	12.20%	12.20%
			TAG recipients	412	34	8.30%	90	21.80%	21.80%
Bergen Community	Associate	2012	General population	2,959	167	5.60%	519	17.50%	30.60%
College			TAG recipients	1,102	42	3.80%	210	19.10%	40.90%
		2013	General population	2,826	173	6.10%	547	19.40%	32.20%
			TAG recipients	1,047	42	4.00%	207	19.80%	41.30%
		2014	General population	2,948	200	6.80%	544	18.50%	30.40%
			TAG recipients	1,006	60	6.00%	221	22.00%	41.70%
		2015	General population	2,751	199	7.20%	519	18.90%	28.80%
			TAG recipients	929	47	5.10%	209	22.50%	41.00%
		2016	General population	2,907	271	9.30%	559	19.20%	26.90%
			TAG recipients	855	39	4.60%	168	19.60%	37.70%

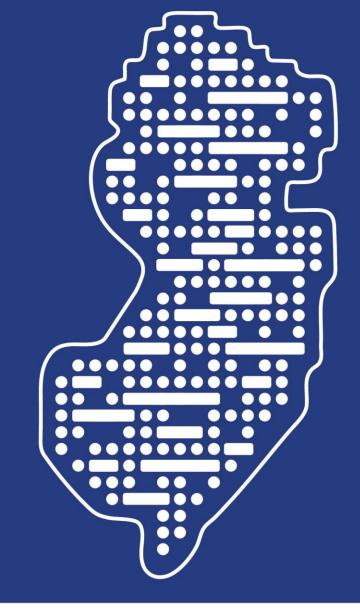




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Share

Multi-State Collaboration





# WAYS TO ENGAGE IN THE MULTI-STATE DATA COLLABORATIVE



Build staff capacity through relationships with program and data leaders in other sectors and states.

Weigh in on priority research areas of focus for collaboration.

Access outside research partners and potential funding opportunities.

Leverage already existing ideas, data practices, products, and projects created by a state or states.

Help develop new data

practices and products

with other states and

Engage with and help inform federal policymakers and stakeholders on state needs and opportunities.



Engage in Applied Data
Analytics training
opportunities.

Assume a national leadership role by serving as an MSDC Executive Committee member, leading a project group, or sponsoring a training class.

COLOR-CODED LEGEND

### **Collaboration Benefits**



- Addressing limitations of individual state systems
- Sharing of ideas and resources
- Avoiding duplication of efforts
- Developing data models for interoperability





## Pilot Data Sharing Projects

Employment by Demographic



#### Multi-State Postsecondary Report

**Employment by Institution** 







Employment by Major

This dashboard is powered by the Kentucky Center for Statistics. Those using screen readers may need to click the enter key to select options in filters. This dashboard is best viewed on a desktop computer. If you have any questions regarding accessibility, please contact kystats@ky.gov.

Technical Documentation can be found in PDF form here: Filter Report by State ▼ Kentucky Postsecondary Completers

This dashboard includes three sections: Employment Outcomes by Major Group, Credential, and Student Origin. Each of these sections are filterable by Institution and Years Post Completion. Wage information can be filtered by percentile group using the wage filter. Employment outcomes looks at Kentucky Postsecondary Completers across the 2007 through 2017 academic years (AY) followed to post completion qualifying employment in Indiana, Kentucky, Ohio, and Tennessee. Qualifying Employment Outcomes are workers with at least 2 quarters employed and at least \$3,000 dollars earned in a 4 quarter period. A double asterisk in a data table represents redacted values, blank data represents no data available.

Filter the Dashboard by Institution ▼	F	Filter the Dashboard by Years Post Completion $ullet$	,	Filter Wages by Percentile ▼		
All ▼	Ŧ	3-Years Post Completion ▼	-	Median Wage	*	

#### Employment Outcomes by Major Group

COLERIDGE

INITIATIVE

This section provides qualifying employment outcomes for each major group. Major groups are categories that each contain several majors.

Completer Count	In-State Median Wage	Out-of-State* Median Wage	Major Group			State Employment	
309,720	\$40,601	\$43,744	All	12%	56%	68%	
50,251	\$29,522	\$31,837	Arts and Humanities	10%	52%	62%	
53,200	\$42,097	\$48,806	Business	17%	53%	69%	
38,290	\$48,704	\$42,228	Education	9%	70%		79%
66,226	\$44,068	\$50,885	Health	11%	63%	74	1%
45,003	\$35,215	\$38,460	Social and Behavioral Sciences	13%	50%	63%	
34,603	\$45,628	\$51,778	STEM	12%	44%	56%	
22,147	\$36,035	\$39,598	Trades	8%	58%	66%	
	309,720 50,251 53,200 38,290 66,226 45,003 34,603	309,720 \$40,601 50,251 \$29,522 53,200 \$42,097 38,290 \$48,704 66,226 \$44,068 45,003 \$35,215 34,603 \$45,628	Wage         Median Wage           309,720         \$40,601         \$43,744           50,251         \$29,522         \$31,837           53,200         \$42,097         \$48,806           38,290         \$48,704         \$42,228           66,226         \$44,068         \$50,885           45,003         \$35,215         \$38,460           34,603         \$45,628         \$51,778	Wage         Median Wage         Major Group           309,720         \$40,601         \$43,744         All           50,251         \$29,522         \$31,837         Arts and Humanities           53,200         \$42,097         \$48,806         Business           38,290         \$48,704         \$42,228         Education           66,226         \$44,068         \$50,885         Health           45,003         \$35,215         \$38,460         Social and Behavioral Sciences           34,603         \$45,628         \$51,778         STEM	309,720   \$40,601   \$43,744   All   12%	Completer Count         Wage         Median Wage         Major Group         Out-of-State* Employment         In-           309,720         \$40,601         \$43,744         All         12%         56%           50,251         \$29,522         \$31,837         Arts and Humanities         10%         52%           53,200         \$42,097         \$48,806         Business         17%         53%           38,290         \$48,704         \$42,228         Education         9%         70%           66,226         \$44,068         \$50,885         Health         11%         63%           45,003         \$35,215         \$38,460         Social and Behavioral Sciences         13%         50%           34,603         \$45,628         \$51,778         STEM         12%         44%	Najor Group

<sup>\*</sup>Out-of-State employment outcomes are limited to Indiana, Ohio, or Tennessee.

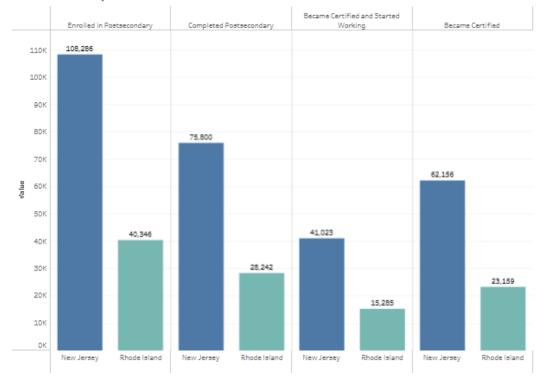
#### Multi-State Teacher Workforce Report

Teacher Composition and Retention

Mobility and Economic Characteristics

Teacher Preparation Pathways

#### Teacher Pathways







### **Future Initiatives**



- Future External Data Access
  - Current request process for state agency partners
  - 2025 application for external researchers
  - 2025 Applied Data Analytics courses
- Future Products
  - Career and Technical Education Program Outcomes
  - Benefits of Education Expansion
  - Enhanced Higher Education Outcomes Dashboard





## Thank you!

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